

ENRIGHT TELLS CHOPS TO SCORN CRITICS

"Unworthy Men," He Says,
Must Be British Subjects and
Against Department.

"SPEW MUD AND SLUSH" BLOW AT CORPORATIONS
Grand Jury in Vice Inquiry
Expected to Reach After
High Police Official.

The action of the Grand Jury in indicting Augustus Drum Porter, Third Deputy Police Commissioner, moved Commissioner Enright yesterday to deliver a trade against "unworthy men" who "spew mud and slush in the face of the people."

Despite the Commissioner's opinions, the Grand Jury will continue its inquiry into alleged vice conditions in the Police Department, which are said by certain persons to be far reaching, and it probably will go into some stories affecting the official of the department of rank higher than captain. It may also delve more deeply into the doings of the "Brooklyn Jack," the man with the black bag, who had figured mysteriously in a recent revolution and who was alleged to have been present in the flat in which detectives say they found Deputy Commissioner Porter.

Commissioner Enright has not yet yet moved any one to succeed him, but he has dropped, for the present at least, from his official force.

Has an Audience of 3,000.
The Commissioner selected for his track upon the accused and critics of his department a time when he was addressing the Communion Breakfast of the Holy Name Society of the Police Department, when he had for an audience Archbishop Hayes, Mr. Charles J. Fawcett, Francis P. Duffy of the Sixty-ninth, W. Bourke Cockran, Dr. Royal S. Copeland, Assistant District Attorney Talley and about 3,000 members and friends of the force.

He mentioned before the Grand Jury that he had indicted Col. Porter and three detectives since it began its investigation, nor James E. Smith, Assistant District Attorney, who is conducting the inquiry. "The Commissioner said was in part as follows:

"I have given the pleasure to see the men of my department working for themselves, engaged in criticism of the Police Department. We've seen the same kind of thing year after year—criticism for the most part has been without foundation.

"I would all of this criticism the men of the department go on and draw their backs about, shielding themselves from the mud and slush that unworthy men spew in the face of the people. We expect no word of support or encouragement from these sources. For one, I would not care to see them praise or encourage you because then I would doubt your integrity indeed."

"I would pride myself on the fact that the criticism of one man could crowd a revolution in Germany of the front page of the daily press; that one person, if he has wrong, can focus the attention of the people of the city on the Police Department."

Can't Have All Perfect Police.
The Commissioner then offered an allusion for the black sheep in his fold. "I would be the strongest of men," he said, "of some of the police, who are the moral possessions of the city, did not fall by the wayside, and above all, the expert moral physician, the plain clothes men, would be changed very strange, if one of these should not fall a victim of the disease himself."

"But it isn't necessary to defend this organization. The pages of its history shine out greater than those of the last two years. During the trying years of war, when the least break in the tranquillity of this city would have given great concern to the people of the Government, this department, composed of British, Chinese, Japanese and Chinese, East Indians and Orientals generally are debarré."

An important feature of the new law is that for numerous of voters before an election. Any provincial lists of voters, even six months after completion, will call for revision. By enumeration, all persons entitled to vote may be added to the lists right up to the day of voting, and may even by declaration at the place of voting, be put on the list. Provision for like registration of voters made for cities and big towns as the American plan. This registration, and enumeration in the rural districts, overcomes any difficulty regarding the census. The new law provides that women have the right to vote. For the federal elections names of all women desiring to vote may be added to the lists, by registration in the cities and by enumeration in the rural districts. The Legislative Assembly of Quebec, at its last session, declined to extend the right of franchise to women, but there were indications that this will be done in the not distant future.

CALIFORNIA OIL RAISE IS DEFENDED

Necessary to Fix a Differential,
Says Standard.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., March 21.—The Standard Oil Company of California, through its president, K. R. Kingsbury, in an open letter today addressed to the Railroad Commission, defended its recent advance in fuel oil prices, which was made "in the hope that an increase of 25 cents a barrel would stimulate production and restore the balance between supply and demand."

The letter was issued as a result of an inquiry addressed to the oil company last week by the Railroad Commission asking why an increase was necessary.

The oil situation in California, which the company denies to be serious, is reviewed in the letter, which points out that an increase in price tends to conserve the use of fuel and to check the speculation of stocks. This is the only known remedy.

On the subject of gasoline, which the company says has an equal interest with that of fuel oil, the letter says:

"Gasoline must be kept at a price level where it will not be shipped to foreign markets in quantities sufficient to depress the California market. For example, at present gasoline is selling in New York at 28 1/2 cents a gallon, while here it is selling at 19 1/2 cents a gallon, a difference of 9 cents a gallon. The rate to New York is 7 cents a gallon, and the water rate not to exceed 4 cents. Obviously, the proper differential exists between the Pacific coast price and the New York price. The fact that the New York price is higher than the California price is due to the fact that the New York price is based on a complete demoralization of the local market."

To Discuss Coal Shipment.
Shipments and railroad men will meet in the Bellevue-Stratford Hotel in Philadelphia March 21 to discuss the handling of bituminous coal for transportation. The President's proclamation requiring all bituminous coal for export to be consigned to the United States for distribution, the various Atlantic ports, and the meeting will discuss the question of the handling by voluntary action after April 30.

Truck Hits, Kills Brooklyn Man.
A block of ice in the Boston Post road caused the overturning yesterday of a wagon truck bound for Jewett City, Conn., killing John Condon of Brooklyn and injuring the driver, Joseph Smith, who was hospitalized. The accident occurred near Greenwich.

ELECTION LAW AIDS ALIENS IN CANADA

Must Be British Subjects and
Renew Allegiance to
the Crown.

BLOW AT CORPORATIONS
Danger of Conflict With Provinces
Avoided by Acceptance of Voting Lists.

Ottawa, March 21.—The reality of the coalition principle in this Government of Liberals and Conservatives is amply proved by the Federal elections bill introduced by Hon. Hugh Guthrie, which now stands on the order paper for second reading. Formal passage of the bill will repeal all previous acts relating to elections, including the famous war time elections act, under which all alien enemy subjects had their naturalization act aside. The bill makes no distinction; the main requirement is that the voter be a British subject by birth or naturalization.

Under the act of naturalization passed last year, which by arrangement is uniform throughout the British Commonwealth States, aliens whose origin was former German or Austro-Hungarian must be naturalized by the Empire in order to obtain naturalization. The effect of this new election law will be to open the door for thousands of German, Austrian and Hungarian subjects to renew their allegiance in a more comprehensive manner as subjects of the King. Exception is made for friendly races of the former enemy empire like the Bohemians, Poles and Jews, who become subjects on five years residence.

Blow at Transits in Politics.
The bill strikes a blow at corporation influence in the field of politics by making it unlawful for any corporation to contribute to a party or political fund, except in the case of a corporation incorporated for political purposes alone.

The object is to lessen the power of the campaign fund. The candidate in any district must give written consent to nomination and deposit \$200 with the returning officer, which is returned to the candidate if elected, or if he polls one-half the number of votes given to the candidate elected. The official agent of the candidate must make public all receipts of funds received and spent. The usual provisions are made for receipt of votes and appeal to the courts. The evidence of husband and wife may be taken in any election trial, but the evidence so given must be used against either one in a criminal suit.

Every employer is required to arrange that his employees shall have two hours in which to vote, other than the hour for which they are paid, will not be reduced or docked. All railways may have the right and privilege of voting in advance of the election, at places to be arranged by the returning officer. The House of Commons is appointed chief electoral officer with permanent tenure of office, removable only for cause, the same as Judges of the superior courts.

Any British subject, male or female, who is 21 years of age, may be a candidate at any Dominion election.

Provincial Registration Accepted.
All danger of contention over the bill was removed by provision to use the provincial lists, where they were prepared within one year immediately preceding the issue of writ for election. This recognizes the Liberal principle of the right of provinces to control over lists, but does not go as far as State rights in the American Federal elections. But the principle finds further expression in the recognition of provincial right to disqualify persons in respect to race, as in the case of British Columbia, where Japanese and Chinese, East Indians and Orientals generally are debarré.

An important feature of the new law is that for numerous of voters before an election. Any provincial lists of voters, even six months after completion, will call for revision. By enumeration, all persons entitled to vote may be added to the lists right up to the day of voting, and may even by declaration at the place of voting, be put on the list. Provision for like registration of voters made for cities and big towns as the American plan. This registration, and enumeration in the rural districts, overcomes any difficulty regarding the census. The new law provides that women have the right to vote. For the federal elections names of all women desiring to vote may be added to the lists, by registration in the cities and by enumeration in the rural districts. The Legislative Assembly of Quebec, at its last session, declined to extend the right of franchise to women, but there were indications that this will be done in the not distant future.

NEW FISCAL POLICY FOR CANADA ON MAY 1

Borden's Plan Does Not Contemplate Free Trade.

MONTREAL, March 21.—A new fiscal policy for Canada will be outlined in the House of Commons on the return of Sir Robert Borden about May 1, according to announcement by C. C. Ballantyne, Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Mr. Ballantyne intimated the proposed tariff would not be class legislation, but a free trade policy, but one that would grant favors to none and will cover the diversified interests of Canada.

The Government has not arrived at a final conclusion regarding building of passenger ships, according to Mr. Ballantyne, but sixty-two cargo ships will be completed. Mr. Ballantyne said that the Dominion Steel Company would, within the next few days, be officially informed that the Government would take its capacity of 15,000 tons of steel ship plates.

Falls From Window; Dies.
Robert Curran, 5 years old, fell to his death from a window of her home at 23 East 114th street, last night, while playing with four other children. Her body was found at the bottom of an air shaft by policemen, who were summoned by the mother.

Girl Playing Tries to Leap From
Sill to Bed.
Robert Curran, 5 years old, fell to his death from a window of her home at 23 East 114th street, last night, while playing with four other children. Her body was found at the bottom of an air shaft by policemen, who were summoned by the mother.

Seize Liquor From Bahama Boats.
MIAMI, Fla., March 21.—Six hundred and ninety-two cases of liquor, valued at nearly \$200,000 according to local prices, were seized here during the twenty-four hours ended at 2:30 A. M. today by Federal, county and city officers. Much of the liquor was taken from boats just in from the Bahama Islands.

SIXTY NUNS LEAP FROM FIRE; ONE DIES

Wilkesbarre Victim Sister of
Father Walsh of Fordham.

Special to THE SUN and NEW YORK HERALD.
WILKESBARRE, March 21.—A fire that swept through the convent of the Order of Mercy here early today caused the death of one nun and the injuring of nine others, who were forced to jump from the upper floors to the street when their escape by stairways was cut off. Mother Theresa, head of the Wilkesbarre branch of the order, the nun who lost her life, was a sister of the Rev. John Walsh of Fordham University.

Sixty sisters were asleep in the building when the fire started. By the time they were wakened the entire lower part of the structure was ablaze. The spectacular leaps from windows began even before the fire apparatus arrived and nuns had been saved. Several were saved from serious injury by dropping into the arms of policemen.

The Blessed Sacrament was carried from the chapel by Sister Casimir. She was rescued from a narrow window ledge while hundreds of persons knelt in prayer in the street below.

Short circuited electric wires are believed to have caused the fire.

MYSTERY IN RIVER SUICIDE.

Leaves Notebook and Red Cross
Receipt on Pier.

The police of the East Eighty-eighth street station are trying to establish the identity of a man who is believed to have drowned himself from the pier at Ninetieth street and the East River after midnight. A notebook containing the name "Joe Cravets" and addresses in Curwenville, Pa.; Endicott, N. Y.; and McKean county, Pennsylvania, together with receipts for contributions to the Red Cross were found on the pier near where he stood a few minutes before leaping overboard.

Business Troubles.

PETITIONS IN BANKRUPTCY.
Petitions in bankruptcy filed Saturday in the United States District Court were as follows:

SCHEDULES IN BANKRUPTCY.
The following schedules in bankruptcy were filed Saturday in the United States District Court:

RECEIVERS IN BANKRUPTCY.
The following receivers in bankruptcy were appointed Saturday in the United States District Court:

JUDGMENTS.
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PORTO RICAN FRUIT DEVELOPS QUICKLY

Climate and Soil Conditions
Give Wonderful Juiciness
to Island Product.

By EDMUND RUSHMORE.
Special to THE SUN and NEW YORK HERALD.

Fruit growing as a commercial industry in Porto Rico dates from about the year 1900, shortly after the American occupation. Among the important fruits from a commercial standpoint are grapefruit, oranges, pineapples and coconuts. Bananas, guavas, mangoes, papayas, guavas and many other native varieties much prized by the natives are seldom exported.

The grapefruit, orange and pineapple industries are well established and have had a very rapid increase in development, as shown from the total shipments of these fruits from \$101,467 for 1901 to \$1,988,081 for 1919.

Production of grapefruit, orange and pineapples are treated as one, for the same methods are pursued in raising and marketing them. The young seedlings in the nursery are budded to the variety desired where they remain for upward of eighteen months before transplanting to the grove. In the grove they are set out according to different ways of grouping, which give the variety desired where they remain for upward of eighteen months before transplanting to the grove. In the grove they are set out according to different ways of grouping, which give the variety desired where they remain for upward of eighteen months before transplanting to the grove.

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BRAZILIAN LLOYD SHIFTS SHIPS HERE

European Service Will Be Cut
Down.

Rio Janeiro, March 21.—President de Faria of the Lloyd Brasileiro, in a statement yesterday, declared there was no truth in the reports that his company would entirely abandon its service to Europe. He said the company would merely cut down its European service, transferring the vessels to its lines to America.

It is understood here that these changes are being made because the service to North America has proved more profitable.

MEXICANS LONGING FOR ERA OF PEACE

Gen. Alvarado Says Obregon
Will Win Presidency in
Fair Election.

General Salvador Alvarado, formerly Governor of Yucatan, who is at the Alexandria Hotel here, gave his views yesterday relative to the present intricate Mexican political problem.

"All thoughtful and broadminded Mexicans," General Alvarado said, "are already disgusted with internal dissensions and bloodshed. Consequently I have every reason to be sure that should the coming elections be honest and conducted in accordance with the will of the people a great era of progress and peace will immediately follow in Mexico. Unfortunately, however, there is a tendency on the part of the present administration to make a farce of the elections."

The only real political party in Mexico today worthy of serious consideration is the Liberal Constitutional party, consisting of the younger and more progressive Mexicans, who are supported and aided by the Labor party. This party favors the election of General Alvarado Obregon as chief executive of Mexico. If the elections are honestly carried out he will be elected President.

General Pablo Gonzalez is second only by a very small group of friends, who rely merely on the support of the Government. Therefore his faction cannot be taken seriously as a political party, as it has neither influence, power nor popularity.

As far as Ignacio Bonillas, Mexican Ambassador at Washington, is concerned I am convinced of the fact that he is practically unknown in Mexico. He is Carranza's candidate, but the Mexican people do not favor him at all. Outside of the Government employees he has not one single adherent.

If the public vote is respected by the present administration the vanquished candidates will resign and accept defeat, and business and industry will be free to pursue the peaceful conditions of the country nobody would follow them. On the other hand, if the Government does not hold legal elections then the people of the popular candidate will very likely rise in arms and cause serious trouble, with the purpose of having honest elections, for I firmly believe that the elections are being made unfair in any way, shape or form there will not and cannot be peace in Mexico."

The former Governor of Yucatan is in New York on a business trip, the purpose of purchasing modern newspaper plants for his daily El Heraldo de Mexico (the Mexican Herald) and his magazine, El Heraldo Ilustrado (the Illustrated Herald).

Before returning to his country General Alvarado will give a series of conferences relative to the Mexican problem in the leading cities of the United States.

Latin American Personal Notes

Carlos E. Tornquist, president of Ernesto Tornquist, Limited, one of the most important banking houses in Argentina, is expected to arrive in New York toward the end of the month. He is in his honor being planned by the Argentine American Chamber of Commerce early in April.

Luis O. Lopez Mongrut, nephew of the President of Peru and representative in that country of Hernandez, Robinson & Co., Inc., of 22 Broadway, will return shortly to Lima after an extended business sojourn in this city.

William A. Ward, former United States Vice Consul at Tampico, has been appointed resident representative of the American Chamber of Commerce of Tampico in New York. Mr. Ward has offices at 33 Broadway.

Col. Nieves Stuardo of the Chilean army, who has been in the United States for the past year, will return soon to Santiago.

Ismael Tecornal of the Special Chilean Commercial Mission to England, who arrived in New York a few days ago, is in Washington for a short stay. He is expected back in this city within a few days, and will remain here for about two weeks before continuing his journey to Chile.

Romulo N. Naon, formerly Ambassador of Argentina to the United States, arrived last week from England for an extended visit.

George E. Stromes, private secretary of President Leizaola, Peru, will sail for England on the Kronland after a week's stay in New York. He says that many improvements are under way in Peru. Under the supervision of Gen. V. C. Stromes work has begun on the sanitary projects approved by the Government. Paita, which has been infested with yellow fever, is to be totally destroyed and a new town is to be built on the site. All the principal cities are to have paved streets and modern sanitary systems.

Mr. Stromes also reports that a large American mining company is studying the construction of a new railway from Paita to Cerro de Pasco, which will open up the valuable coal and silver mines in the districts of Oyón and Cajatambo. The suggested route passes the Yancu and Hunon mines and will give these mines, as well as those of Cerro de Pasco, a much quicker and safer route to the coast. The total distance from Paita to Cerro de Pasco is 125 miles, and from Paita to the port of Huacho, via the Government railway, 64 miles.

Latin American Exchange.

Cables Demand.	Argentine (gold)	Argentine (currency)	Brazil	Chile (gold)	Chile (currency)	Colombia	Ecuador	Nicaragua	Peru	Venezuela
38.45	38.45	42.50	27.13	26.83	102.25	102.00	38.00	1.00	4.50	5.18

Latin American Holidays for Week of March 22

Monday, March 22, is a holiday in Porto Rico.
Thursday, March 25, is a holiday in Brazil.

BOLIVIA TO MAKE AMENDS TO PERU

Government Promises to Punish
Authors of Recent Hostile Demonstrations.

BUENOS AIRES, March 21.—The Bolivian Charge d'Affaires at Lima has expressed his regrets to the Peruvian Legation there for the attacks on Peruvians in Bolivia, according to a despatch to La Nación from Lima. The Charge stated that the Bolivian Government would punish the authors of the demonstrations. The despatch adds: "Accordingly, the Chamber of Deputies to notify it that satisfaction had been given by Bolivia."

A despatch from La Paz says that the President of Bolivia also has expressed his regrets to the Peruvian Legation there for the attacks on Peruvians. Santiago advises attribute to Peru the initiative for intervention by the United States in the controversy between Peru and Bolivia. A despatch to La Prensa refers to a note sent by Chancellor Porras to the United States Government, in which he is alleged, to have said that Chile was urging Bolivia to extreme measures. The despatch adds: "Accordingly, it appears that the North American Government has taken seriously the communication of Chancellor Porras, since American Ambassador Shea has conferred with the Chilean Minister of Foreign Relations."

It is reported Ambassador Shea presented to the Foreign Minister the text of the Bolivian Government's message to the United States Government, in which the Foreign Minister denied the truth of its contents.

Advices from La Paz say that the attacks by Bolivians on Peruvians in Oruro yesterday, resulted from indignation caused by an attack on a Bolivian army officer by Peruvian residents.

Meanwhile, it is stated at the Foreign Office here that Argentina is watching the situation closely in the interests of South American peace. The fact was expressed that the action already taken by the United States would probably serve to prevent hostilities, but it was said Argentina was ready to cooperate if required. President Frizton has conferred with the members of the Cabinet concerning the situation.

Rio Janeiro, March 21.—Despatches to this city from Lima and the dispatch from two Bolivians and Peru over the question of a seaport for Bolivia are causing intense interest in official and diplomatic circles here.

Alejandro Gariand, Jr., Peruvian Charge d'Affaires, gave a statement to the press declaring that Peru was threatened, citing reported assaults at La Paz, Bolivia, against Peruvian consular and business representatives. The Charge also presented to the Foreign Office copies of telegrams relating to the latest incidents in the dispute.

From Associated Press telegrams from various officials that the Foreign Office is in constant communication with Brazilian representatives of the Governments of Peru, Bolivia, Chile and Argentina.

It is authentically stated that Brazil will firmly assist the United States in its efforts to prevent hostilities. It is understood that Argentina also will give full cooperation in the maintenance of peace. It was said to be likely that Ambassadors to the United States of the various countries interested would be called into conference at Washington shortly to decide on a course of action.

BRITISH GET GERMAN TRADE.

Hastening Tactics Reported by Our
Commissioner in Berlin.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—British manufacturers are not losing any time in renewing trade with the Germans. Trade Commissioner Dreesel in Berlin has reported to the Department of Commerce. The better class mercantile establishments at Berlin are showing varied lines of British made goods, particularly woollens and leather, the report said.

Debating the arrangements made by the British for shoe contracts for the next two years, and the "handsome" profits obtained because of the exchange situation, Mr. Dreesel said:

"There is no reason why such an arrangement for the supply of materials on a large scale could not be carried out by American dealers for their own profit and for the assistance of Germany in the reconstruction of the period necessary for reconstruction."

DOG FAITHFUL TO THE LAST.

After Five Years Vigil Dies on
Master's Grave.

LANCASTER, Pa., March 21.—Jack, a homeless yellow cur, known as the "graveyard dog," was found dead on his master's grave near Hamburg, having been faithful to his duty for five years.

For five years he had kept a lonely vigil over the grave of John Dindore, leaving it only long enough to obtain food in the neighborhood each day. Country clergymen have preached sermons on the love, devotion and grief known by this dog.

Placed 202,000 in Jobs.

CLEVELAND, March 21.—A report by the Federal Statistical employment agency shows that last year 292,000 applicants for work were placed by all agencies in the city.

STOCK EXCHANGE SALES.

New York Stock Exchange sales week ended March 20, 1920:

STOCKS.	1919.	1920.
Monday	\$1,091,156	\$1,125,646
Tuesday	1,274,250	984,225
Wednesday	1,046,811	1,212,584
Thursday	1,887,650	835,241
Friday	1,674,000	